



# Mac Pro

## Environmental Report

### Apple and the Environment

Apple believes that improving the environmental performance of our business starts with our products. The careful environmental management of our products throughout their life cycles includes controlling the quantity and types of materials used in their manufacture, improving their energy efficiency, and designing them for better recyclability. The information below details the environmental performance of Mac Pro as it relates to climate change, energy efficiency, material efficiency, and restricted substances.<sup>1</sup>

Models ME253, MD878  
Date introduced October 22, 2013

### Environmental Status Report

Mac Pro is designed with the following features to reduce environmental impact:

- Brominated flame retardant-free
- PVC-free<sup>2</sup>
- Recyclable aluminum enclosure
- Energy Efficient Ethernet enabled<sup>3</sup>



Meets ENERGY STAR®  
Version 6.0 requirements

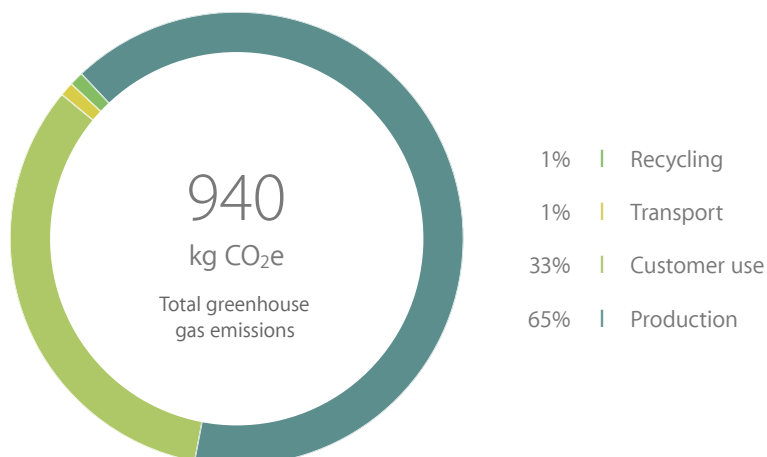


Achieves a Gold rating  
from EPEAT<sup>4</sup>

### Climate Change

Greenhouse gas emissions have an impact on the planet's balance of land, ocean, and air temperatures. Most of Apple's corporate greenhouse gas emissions come from the production, transport, use, and recycling of its products. Apple seeks to minimize greenhouse gas emissions by setting stringent design-related goals for material and energy efficiency. The chart below provides the estimated greenhouse gas emissions for Mac Pro over its life cycle.

#### Greenhouse Gas Emissions for Mac Pro



## Energy Efficiency

Because one of the largest portions of product-related greenhouse gas emissions results from actual use, energy efficiency is a key part of each product’s design. Apple products use power-efficient components and software that can intelligently power them down during periods of inactivity. The result is that Mac Pro is energy efficient right out of the box.

Mac Pro outperforms the stringent requirements of the ENERGY STAR Program Requirements for Computers Version 6.0, utilizing less than half the allowable energy limit. In addition, Mac Pro consumes 68 percent less power in idle mode than the previous-generation Mac Pro.<sup>5</sup> The following table details the power consumed in different use modes.

Power Consumption for Mac Pro

Mode	100V	115V	230V
Off	0.25W	0.26W	0.37W
Sleep	2.80W	2.83W	2.93W
Idle	43W	43W	42W
Power supply efficiency	90.0%	90.0%	90.0%

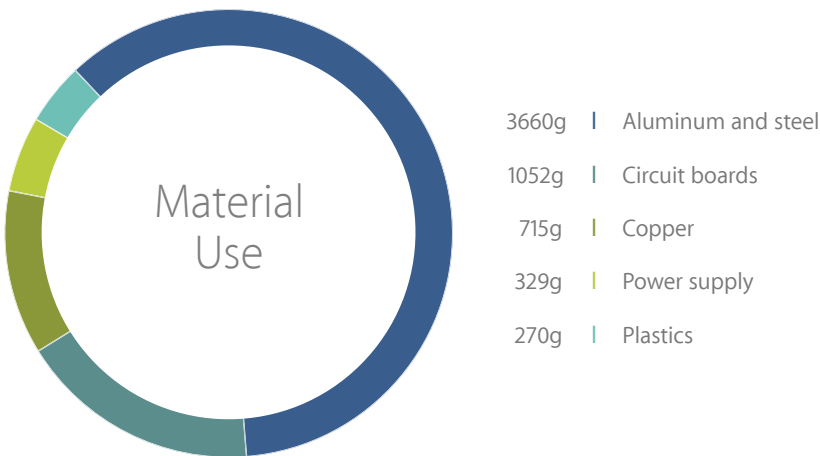
## Material Efficiency

**Continuous improvement of Mac Pro**

Mac Pro is extremely material efficient, consuming 74 percent less aluminum and steel compared with the previous-generation Mac Pro.

Apple’s ultracompact product and packaging designs lead the industry in material efficiency. Reducing the material footprint of a product helps maximize shipping efficiency. It also helps reduce energy consumed during production as well as material waste generated at the end of the product’s life. The enclosure and thermal core of Mac Pro is made of aluminum and copper, materials that are highly desired by recyclers. The chart below details the materials used in this model.

Material Use for Mac Pro





Mac Pro retail packaging consumes 82 percent less volume and weighs 84 percent less than that of the previous-generation Mac Pro, allowing three times more units to fit in an airline shipping container.

## Packaging

The packaging for Mac Pro uses corrugated cardboard made with a minimum of 33 percent post-consumer recycled content. In addition, its packaging is extremely material efficient, consuming 82 percent less volume than the previous-generation Mac Pro. The following table details the materials used in its packaging.

### Packaging Breakdown for Mac Pro (U.S. Configurations)

Material	Retail box	Retail and shipping box
Paper (corrugate, paperboard)	420g	970g
Molded fiber	—	160g
Expanded polystyrene	124g	124g
Other plastics	21g	21g

## Restricted Substances

Apple has long taken a leadership role in restricting harmful substances from its products and packaging. As part of this strategy, all Apple products comply with the strict European Directive on the Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment, also known as the RoHS Directive. Examples of materials restricted by RoHS include lead, mercury, cadmium, hexavalent chromium, and the brominated flame retardants (BFRs) PBB and PBDE. Mac Pro goes even further than the requirements of the RoHS Directive by incorporating the following more aggressive restrictions:

- BFR-free
- PVC-free internal cables
- PVC-free AC power cord available in all regions except India and South Korea



## Recycling

Through ultra-efficient design and the use of highly recyclable materials, Apple has minimized material waste at the product's end of life. In addition, Apple offers and participates in various product take-back and recycling programs in 95 percent of the regions where Apple products are sold. All products are processed in the country or region in which they are collected. For more information on how to take advantage of these programs, visit [www.apple.com/recycling](http://www.apple.com/recycling).

## Definitions

**Electronic Product Environmental Assessment Tool (EPEAT):** A program that ranks computers and displays based on environmental attributes in accordance with IEEE 1680.1-2009. For more information, visit [www.epeat.net](http://www.epeat.net).

**Greenhouse gas emissions:** Estimated emissions are calculated in accordance with guidelines and requirements as specified by ISO 14040 and ISO 14044. Calculation includes emissions from the following life-cycle phases contributing to Global Warming Potential (GWP 100 years) in CO<sub>2</sub> equivalency factors (CO<sub>2</sub>e):

- **Production:** Includes the extraction, production, and transportation of raw materials, as well as the manufacture, transport, and assembly of all parts and product packaging.
- **Transport:** Includes air and sea transportation of the finished product and its associated packaging from the manufacturing site to continental distribution hubs. Transport of products from distribution hubs to the end customer is not included.
- **Use:** User power consumption assumes a four-year period. Consumption patterns are modeled according to European Commission and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency computer eco-design studies. Geographic differences in the power grid mix have been accounted for at a continental level.
- **Recycling:** Includes transportation from collection hubs to recycling centers as well as the energy used in mechanical separation and shredding of parts.

**Energy efficiency terms:** The energy values in this report are based on the ENERGY STAR Program Requirements for Computers Version 6.0 for desktop computers. For more information, visit [www.energystar.gov](http://www.energystar.gov).

- **Off:** Lowest power mode of the system when Mac Pro is shut down. Also referred to as Standby.
- **Sleep:** Low power state that is entered automatically after 10 minutes of inactivity (default), or by selecting Sleep from the Apple menu. Wake-on-LAN is enabled.
- **Idle:** System is on and has completed loading OS X.
- **Power supply efficiency:** Average of the power supply's measured efficiency when tested at 100 percent, 50 percent, and 20 percent of the power supply's rated output power.

**Restricted substances:** Apple defines a material as BFR-free and PVC-free if it contains less than 900 parts per million (ppm) of bromine and of chlorine.

1. Product evaluations based on U.S. configurations of model MD878.

2. PVC-free AC power cord available in all regions except India and South Korea.

3. Energy Efficient Ethernet requires a compliant switch to enter low-power mode.

4. Mac Pro achieved a Gold rating from EPEAT in the United States and Canada.

5. Comparison of power in idle mode is between Mac Pro model MD878 and Mac Pro model MD771.

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